

Mediterranean Wetlands Observatory



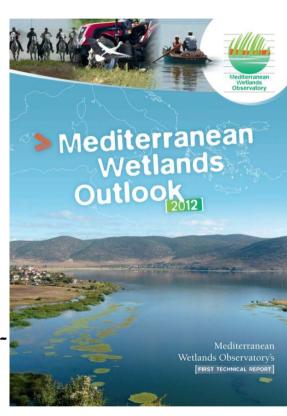


Research Institute for the conservation of Mediterranean wetlands



Ramsar STRP21 – January 2018

- A first attempt at synthesizing information on wetlands at pan-Mediterranean level:
 - MedWet sense, 27 countries
 - 25 indicators selected 17 actually measured/ compiled
 - One technical document, + 1 for decisionmakers (with Indicators fact-sheets; http://medwet.org/publications/page/3/)
 - To be updated every 5-10 years



• A more concise format:

- c. 15 Indicators fact-sheets
- A short synthesis (c. 8 p.)
- Additional information online

Several indicators convergent with GWO 2 (LPI, WET Index...)



A few new results

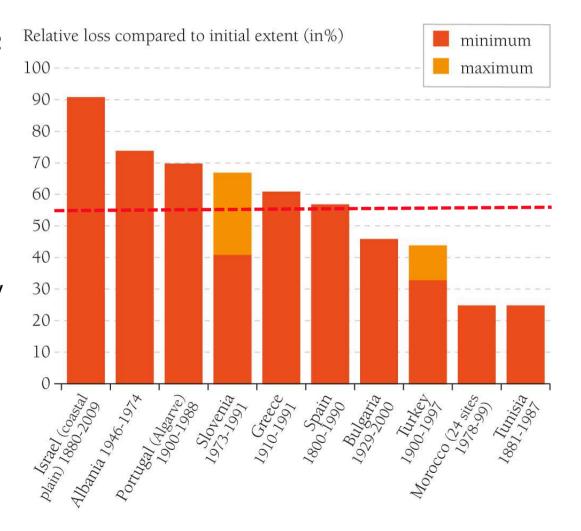


Surface area of Mediterranean wetlands

• 2012 Key results:

The Mediterranean has c. 15 – 22 million ha. wetlands by end XXth century (1.5% of the World's wetlands)

 Literature review → Wetland loss of at least 50% over XXth Century (median of sub-regional assessments)



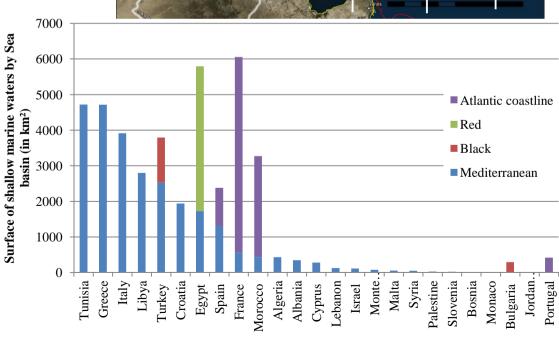


2018: Surface area of Mediterranean wetlands

• New results - 2018:

- « Forgotten » wetlands : shallow marine waters (< 6 m deep) cover 1000s km², but omitted from most national wetland inventories
- e.g. in South Tunisia :
- + 4.2 M ha for the 27
 MedWet countries (+ 19%-28%)
- Now c. 19 26 million ha.
 wetlands in the
 Mediterranean basin







2018: Trend in surface area of Mediterranean wetlands

WET index (with WCMC):

 Loss of 45-51% of natural wetland area between 1970-2013 : faster than previously reported



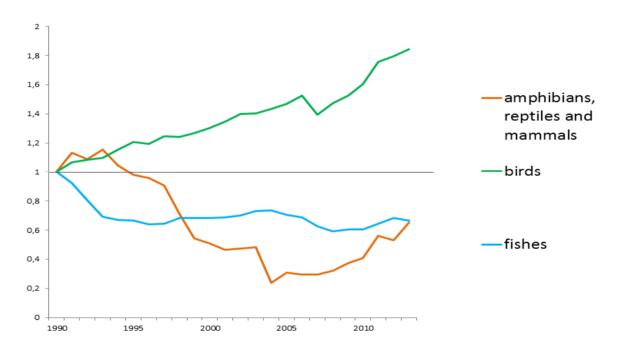
Year

- Mediterranean wetlands loss rate higher than in the 3 surrounding continents (Africa -42%, Europe -35%, Asia -32%) over same period

Credit: S.Darrah et al. in prep., Jonathan Loh/ University of Kent, and UNEP-WCMC. 2017. Wetland Extent Trends (WET) Index - 2017 Update. In Global Wetland Outlook: State of the World's Wetlands and their Services to People. (forthcoming 2018). Secretariat of the Ramsar Convention on Wetlands. Gland: Switzerland



Contrasting trends depending on groups:



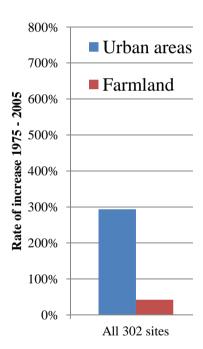
- Wetland birds increase in the Mediterranean, other vertebrates decline
- Birds: older protection (e.g. Bird Directive in EU: 1979) + benefit from manmade wetlands;
- Others suffer from decline especially of temporary wetland habitats, and pollution



Land conversion to agriculture and urban areas

Corrected GlobWetland2 data:

- satellite images
- 302 main Med. Wetland sites (Ramsar, IBAs...)

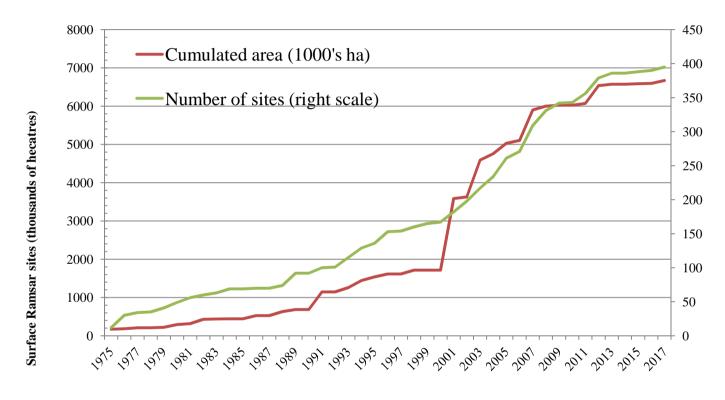


- Urban areas increase much faster than agriculture inside main Med. Wetland sites (starting from much lower level, though)
- Large inter-regional differences: lower conversion in EU than in S. & E. Med.



Ramsar sites designation

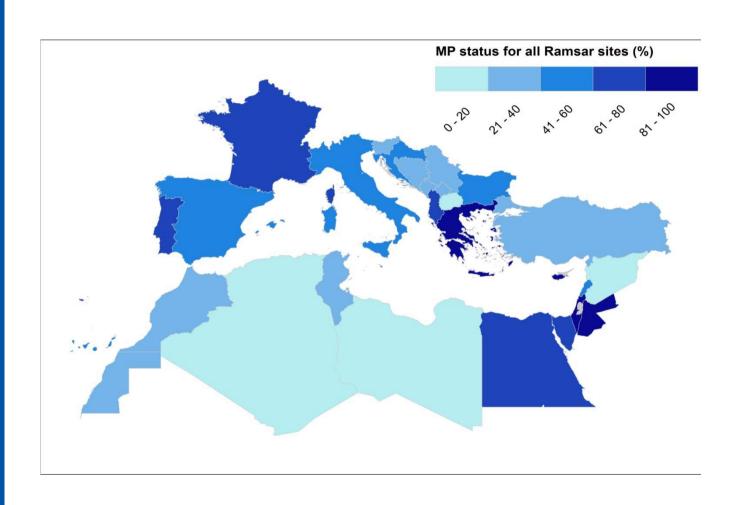
• 6.7 million ha by end 2017



- Since 2000 : designated area \times 3.8 in Mediterranean vs. \times 2.6 globally
- Since MWO1 (2012), 52 new Ramsar sites (+645,000 ha), mainly in Tunisia (21)



Ramsar sites « Management effectiveness » ?



- 29 of 52 new sites have no management plan (being prepared in 5 of them); all others (23) have an effectively implemented MP





More to come on :

- Climate change and Wetlands
- River flows & regulation
- Water quality
- Use of renewable water resources
- Human demography
- Generic trends in Ecosystem services provided by Mediterranean wetlands
- Role of wetlands in attenuating floods/ droughts
- Educational and touristic role of wetlands
- State of conservation of wetland species (Red List index)
- Extent of flooding in wetlands

- Learn more at COP 13! (+ pre-COP Europe, CZ, March)
- Connect with GWO/ SoWWS? (e.g. an example from a Regional initiative)











The set of 25 MWO indicators

Bold → 17 out of 25 Indicators covered in 2012 report "State & Outlook of Med. Wetlands"

STATE

- Trends in abundance of species, including the Living Planet Index
- Community Temperature Index
- Community Specialization Index
- River flow
- Water quality
- Mediterranean wetland surface area
- Inundation extent in the wetlands

DRIVERS

Human population trends in/near Mediterranean wetlands

PRESSURES

- Exploitation index of renewable water resources
- Water demand per sector
- Land conversion to agriculture and urbanization in/ around the main wetlands
- Overexploitation of underground water in oases / salinisation

IMPACTS

- Role of wetlands in water supply
- > Role of wetlands in flow regulation (flood and drought)
- Wetlands & tourism
- > Role of wetlands in water purification

RESPONSES

- Protected wetlands
- > Integration of environment in local development planning
- Level of implementation of Integrated Water Resource Management
- ➤ Effectiveness of the management in the Ramsar sites
- Level of implementation of Integrated Coastal Zone Management
- Development of a national strategy for wetlands
- Integration of wetlands in national strategy of sustainable development
- Integration of wetlands in water national management plans
- MDG/EU environmental implementation towards wetlands related targets